

The Times.

VOL. 5.—NEW SERIES NO. 53.

GOV. DANIEL G. FOWLE DEAD.

North Carolina's Chief Magistrate Suddenly Passes Away.

HEART FAILURE THE CAUSE OF DEATH.

He Was Enjoying Perfect Health Only a Few Hours Before the Grim Reaper Ushered Him Into Eternity.

A few minutes before 8 o'clock this morning The Times received the following special from Raleigh: "Governor Fowle died suddenly tonight at 11:30 o'clock, supposed of heart disease."

By some reason the telegram had evidently been delayed, which prevented its being received in time to give the details of the unexpected death.

Governor Fowle had been in perfect health up to the time of his death, as The Times' daily specials from Raleigh gave accounts of his official acts.

The following special received from Raleigh about 8 o'clock last night gave the first intimation of the Governor's illness:

"Governor Fowle is complaining of the affection of a grippe, and was so unwell today that he was unable to come down to the executive office."

Governor Daniel G. Fowle has made an excellent chief magistrate of North Carolina since his election, which was his first term of office.

Many of the Richmond people had the pleasure of meeting the distinguished North Carolinian during the unveiling of the Lee statue, and many remember the eloquent address he made on the following day at Hollywood, when the graves of the dear heroes were decorated with flowers.

RECIPROCITY WITH CANADA.

McKinley Seeking to Prevent Its Being Carried Out.

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 7.—[Special]—Ex-Governor McKinley, whose flight of statesmanship has been extenuated by deliberate expression of the popular will of the people of his own district, is here endeavoring to hasten up the time when carrying out the last law.

Just as it is learned that an arrangement had been made looking to a friendly conference with the Canadian economists, McKinley rushed to Washington and, pleased with the President's cordial reception, he found a similar arrangement with the Canadian economists awaiting him. He found a similar arrangement with the Canadian economists awaiting him.

Arrangements are being made to have her enter during the daylight, and as she steams in the batteries on the shore will fire upon her if she approaches as she passes them.

At the time of the visit the guns through the flames accompanied by the usual marks of respect on such occasions, such as half-mast-

ing colors, etc.

PROVISIONS FOR THE SAN FRANCISCO.

SAN FRANCISCO, CAL., April 7.—Two steam launches from the cruiser San Francisco were engaged all the morning in carrying provisions to that vessel. She will have a full supply by to-morrow morning, save for what is required to-morrow noon.

The new immigration law was brought into force this morning for the first time. Japanese brought over by the Rio de Janeiro from Yokohama were all subjected to a rigid examination before they were allowed to enter the country.

Japanese who took up all the Japanese passports have had their documents now ad-

mitted. And the owners have immediately war-

thered to them Japanese relatives who used them over again.

SENATOR EDMUNDS RESIGNS.

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 4.—Senator George Edmunds of Vermont, has resigned. He sent his letter of resignation to the Governor of Vermont, announcing the fact, and it is understood that the State of California invited the author of the bill, and the explanation of the statute bearing his name and of the administration's power to make new treaties is substantially as follows: He says that the arrangement made with the McKinley administration, and the arrangement with other countries, are not, strictly speaking, reciprocity or even treaties under the constitutional definition, since they do not require ratification by the Senate before taking effect. The McKinley act, as it stands, will not meet any of the requirements of any treaty, or allow the Senate to have any authority over it. He also says that he was another evidence of the smallness of Harrison's nature. He administered a sharp rebuke to the McKinley administration, and was not willing to let the administration have any power to make arrangements with other governments for reciprocal privileges upon the importation of American merchandise in return for the free admission into the United States of tea, sugar, coffee and hides from those countries. This was a violation of the spirit of the tariff, and not of a mere binding nature, than a treaty regularly negotiated, because they have been authorized by law in advance of any negotiations, while regular treaty must first be submitted to the Senate for ratification before it can go into effect. Hence, Edmunds' resignation has been withdrawn by the House of Representatives to be essential to the validity of a treaty which changes the tariff duties that before it can go into effect, a law must be passed by both houses, and it is evident that the President cannot yet induce the Senate to make any changes.

Mr. McKinley said that while the new tariff law did not permit or authorize the making of any treaty with Canada, he felt it to be his duty to advise the President against even communicating any preliminary arrangements of that sort, and the explanation of the statute bearing his name and of the administration's power to make new treaties is substantially as follows: He says that the arrangement made with the McKinley administration, and the arrangement with other countries, are not,

strictly speaking, reciprocity or even treaties under the constitutional definition, since they do not require ratification by the Senate before taking effect. The McKinley act, as it stands, will not meet any of the requirements of any treaty, or allow the Senate to have any authority over it. He also says that he was another evidence of the smallness of Harrison's nature. He administered a sharp rebuke to the McKinley administration, and was not willing to let the administration have any power to make arrangements with other governments for reciprocal privileges upon the importation of American merchandise in return for the free admission into the United States of tea, sugar, coffee and hides from those countries. This was a violation of the spirit of the tariff, and not of a mere binding nature, than a treaty regularly negotiated, because they have been authorized by law in advance of any negotiations, while regular treaty must first be submitted to the Senate for ratification before it can go into effect. Hence, Edmunds' resignation has been withdrawn by the House of Representatives to be essential to the validity of a treaty which changes the tariff duties that before it can go into effect, a law must be passed by both houses, and it is evident that the President cannot yet induce the Senate to make any changes.

THE INSURGENTS GAINING GROUND.

PANAMA, April 7.—Passers who have participated in the insurrection of the Valparaiso declare that the cause of the revolutionists is making progress. They assert that the authorities of the Valparaiso sentiment in favor of the revolutionary party is very strong. It is generally expected that in a short time the arrival of the fleet of the new government, now ad-

hering to the coast, will remove the apprehension that the Balboa Government would re-

turn to them Japanese relatives who used them over again.

OLD SILVER CERTIFICATES.

NEW YORK, April 7.—A special to the Evening Post from Boston says: The government is remitting the money refunded to the states under the terms of the old silver certificate system. The state of Maine's \$100,000 came here last night, and part of it was offered in settlement of the balance at the clearing-house and refused. The banks have been told to hold and refuse to accept the new certificates, but a number of them are holding out, and a few have agreed to take them.

Mr. McKinley said that while the new tariff law did not permit or authorize the making of any treaty with Canada, he felt it to be his duty to advise the President against even communicating any preliminary arrangements of that sort, and the explanation of the statute bearing his name and of the administration's power to make new treaties is substantially as follows: He says that the arrangement made with the McKinley administration, and the arrangement with other countries, are not,

strictly speaking, reciprocity or even treaties under the constitutional definition, since they do not require ratification by the Senate before taking effect. The McKinley act, as it stands, will not meet any of the requirements of any treaty, or allow the Senate to have any authority over it. He also says that he was another evidence of the smallness of Harrison's nature. He administered a sharp rebuke to the McKinley administration, and was not willing to let the administration have any power to make arrangements with other governments for reciprocal privileges upon the importation of American merchandise in return for the free admission into the United States of tea, sugar, coffee and hides from those countries. This was a violation of the spirit of the tariff, and not of a mere binding nature, than a treaty regularly negotiated, because they have been authorized by law in advance of any negotiations, while regular treaty must first be submitted to the Senate for ratification before it can go into effect. Hence, Edmunds' resignation has been withdrawn by the House of Representatives to be essential to the validity of a treaty which changes the tariff duties that before it can go into effect, a law must be passed by both houses, and it is evident that the President cannot yet induce the Senate to make any changes.

Mr. McKinley said that while the new tariff law did not permit or authorize the making of any treaty with Canada, he felt it to be his duty to advise the President against even communicating any preliminary arrangements of that sort, and the explanation of the statute bearing his name and of the administration's power to make new treaties is substantially as follows: He says that the arrangement made with the McKinley administration, and the arrangement with other countries, are not,

strictly speaking, reciprocity or even treaties under the constitutional definition, since they do not require ratification by the Senate before taking effect. The McKinley act, as it stands, will not meet any of the requirements of any treaty, or allow the Senate to have any authority over it. He also says that he was another evidence of the smallness of Harrison's nature. He administered a sharp rebuke to the McKinley administration, and was not willing to let the administration have any power to make arrangements with other governments for reciprocal privileges upon the importation of American merchandise in return for the free admission into the United States of tea, sugar, coffee and hides from those countries. This was a violation of the spirit of the tariff, and not of a mere binding nature, than a treaty regularly negotiated, because they have been authorized by law in advance of any negotiations, while regular treaty must first be submitted to the Senate for ratification before it can go into effect. Hence, Edmunds' resignation has been withdrawn by the House of Representatives to be essential to the validity of a treaty which changes the tariff duties that before it can go into effect, a law must be passed by both houses, and it is evident that the President cannot yet induce the Senate to make any changes.

HARRISON'S SON-IN-LAW'S LUCK.

SCHENECTADY, N. Y., April 7.—President Harrison's son-in-law, J. P. McKee, has been elected President of the Schenectady Electric Manufacturing Company of this city, and the concern, which is strongly backed by the Thompson-Houston Company, proposes to change extensively in the manufacturing of electric lighting apparatus for which it has promised to be a great competitor.

The new president has been elected by the shareholders and has been given a large salary.

THE PETITION IS DISMISSED.

PHILADELPHIA, PA., April 7.—The Presbytery of this city, in their meeting in calling attention to the General Assembly of the Church to the opinion expressed by Professor Charles A. Briggs, who occupies the chair of Biblical Theology in the Union Theological Seminary, New York city, An effort was made to have the article of discipline against him referred to the General Assembly, but it was voted down.

The Presbytery of this city, in their meeting in calling attention to the General Assembly of the Church to the opinion expressed by Professor Charles A. Briggs, who occupies the chair of Biblical Theology in the Union Theological Seminary, New York city, An effort was made to have the article of discipline against him referred to the General Assembly, but it was voted down.

THE CALL WINS A VICTORY.

TALLAHASSEE, FLA., April 7.—The Democrats of the Legislature caucused last night and chose J. B. Brown for president of the Senate by 17 to 14. He was easily elected, and the bill to extend the session of the legislature was passed.

It was voted that there were two or three men among the supporters of Captain Bienville, the anti-Candidate. The Call men won a victory in the choice of Dr. J. L. Caskins for Speaker of the House. The vote was 43 to 21.

GENERAL FINN'S MEMORIAL SERVICE.

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 7.—Mr. Smith submitted his argument for the defense of the late General Albert Pike to the Committee on Claims this morning at midnight. The defense ceremony will take place at Assumption church Friday afternoon. Rev. Dr. Elliott will officiate. Until the gentlemen who have been selected as pallbearers send their names the names will be withheld from publication. The interment will be at Oakwood cemetery.

CAPITAL NOTES.

EX-Representative Lorenzo Cramton, of Nevada, has been offered and has accepted the position of Assistant Secretary of the Treasury, and will be appointed soon. Metakes the place of General Batchelder of New York. He is a friend of Secretary Foster.

Secretary Noble has given permission to the clerks in the Patent Office to remain throughout the week on Wednesday and Thursday and half-day on Friday for the purpose of taking active part in the celebration of the Patent Centennial, which begins in Washington to-morrow.

Admiral Walker informed the Navy Department that the Spanish squadron will sail for the West. The vessels of the squadron with the exception of the *Bellona*, which is on her way to Norfolk, will gradually sail North along the coast, reaching New York about May 2d.

The United States steamer "San Francisco" will probably sail from Mare Island for Chile tomorrow. Admiral Brown, the commander of the Pacific Station, is on board.

Admiral Walker informed the Navy Department that the Spanish squadron will sail for the West. The vessels of the squadron with the exception of the *Bellona*, which is on her way to Norfolk, will gradually sail North along the coast, reaching New York about May 2d.

The United States steamer "San Francisco" will probably sail from Mare Island for Chile tomorrow. Admiral Brown, the commander of the Pacific Station, is on board.

Admiral Walker informed the Navy Department that the Spanish squadron will sail for the West. The vessels of the squadron with the exception of the *Bellona*, which is on her way to Norfolk, will gradually sail North along the coast, reaching New York about May 2d.

THE KINGCAID MURDER TRIAL.

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 7.—Mr. Smith

submitted his argument for the defense of the late General Albert Pike to the Committee on Claims this morning at midnight. The defense ceremony will take place at Assumption church Friday afternoon. Rev. Dr. Elliott will officiate. Until the gentlemen who have been selected as pallbearers send their names the names will be withheld from publication. The interment will be at Oakwood cemetery.

CAPITAL NOTES.

EX-Representative Lorenzo Cramton, of Nevada, has been offered and has accepted the position of Assistant Secretary of the Treasury, and will be appointed soon. Metakes the place of General Batchelder of New York. He is a friend of Secretary Foster.

Secretary Noble has given permission to the clerks in the Patent Office to remain throughout the week on Wednesday and Thursday and half-day on Friday for the purpose of taking active part in the celebration of the Patent Centennial, which begins in Washington to-morrow.

Admiral Walker informed the Navy Department that the Spanish squadron will sail for the West. The vessels of the squadron with the exception of the *Bellona*, which is on her way to Norfolk, will gradually sail North along the coast, reaching New York about May 2d.

The United States steamer "San Francisco" will probably sail from Mare Island for Chile tomorrow. Admiral Brown, the commander of the Pacific Station, is on board.

Admiral Walker informed the Navy Department that the Spanish squadron will sail for the West. The vessels of the squadron with the exception of the *Bellona*, which is on her way to Norfolk, will gradually sail North along the coast, reaching New York about May 2d.

The United States steamer "San Francisco" will probably sail from Mare Island for Chile tomorrow. Admiral Brown, the commander of the Pacific Station, is on board.

Admiral Walker informed the Navy Department that the Spanish squadron will sail for the West. The vessels of the squadron with the exception of the *Bellona*, which is on her way to Norfolk, will gradually sail North along the coast, reaching New York about May 2d.

The United States steamer "San Francisco" will probably sail from Mare Island for Chile tomorrow. Admiral Brown, the commander of the Pacific Station, is on board.

Admiral Walker informed the Navy Department that the Spanish squadron will sail for the West. The vessels of the squadron with the exception of the *Bellona*, which is on her way to Norfolk, will gradually sail North along the coast, reaching New York about May 2d.

The United States steamer "San Francisco" will probably sail from Mare Island for Chile tomorrow. Admiral Brown, the commander of the Pacific Station, is on board.

Admiral Walker informed the Navy Department that the Spanish squadron will sail for the West. The vessels of the squadron with the exception of the *Bellona*, which is on her way to Norfolk, will gradually sail North along the coast, reaching New York about May 2d.

The United States steamer "San Francisco" will probably sail from Mare Island for Chile tomorrow. Admiral Brown, the commander of the Pacific Station, is on board.

Admiral Walker informed the Navy Department that the Spanish squadron will sail for the West. The vessels of the squadron with the exception of the *Bellona*, which is on her way to Norfolk, will gradually sail North along the coast, reaching New York about May 2d.

The United States steamer "San Francisco" will probably sail from Mare Island for Chile tomorrow. Admiral Brown, the commander of the Pacific Station, is on board.

Admiral Walker informed the Navy Department that the Spanish squadron will sail for the West. The vessels of the squadron with the exception of the *Bellona*, which is on her way to Norfolk, will gradually sail North along the coast, reaching New York about May 2d.

The United States steamer "San Francisco" will probably sail from Mare Island for Chile tomorrow. Admiral Brown, the commander of the Pacific Station, is on board.

Admiral Walker informed the Navy Department that the Spanish squadron will sail for the West. The vessels of the squadron with the exception of the *Bellona*, which is on her way to Norfolk, will gradually sail North along the coast, reaching New York about May 2d.

The United States steamer "San Francisco" will probably sail from Mare Island for Chile tomorrow. Admiral Brown, the commander of the Pacific Station, is on board.

Admiral Walker informed the Navy Department that the Spanish squadron will sail for the West. The vessels of the squadron with the exception of the *Bellona*, which is on her way to Norfolk, will gradually sail North along the coast, reaching New York about May 2d.

The United States steamer "San Francisco" will probably sail from Mare Island for Chile tomorrow. Admiral Brown, the commander of the Pacific Station, is on board.

Admiral Walker informed the Navy Department that the Spanish squadron will sail for the West. The vessels of the squadron with the exception of the *Bellona*, which is on her way to Norfolk, will gradually sail North along the coast, reaching New York about May 2d.

The United States steamer "San Francisco" will probably sail from Mare Island for Chile tomorrow. Admiral Brown, the commander of the Pacific Station, is on board.

Admiral Walker informed the Navy Department that the Spanish squadron will sail for the West. The vessels of the squadron with the exception of the *Bellona*, which is on her way to Norfolk, will gradually sail North along the coast, reaching New York about May 2d.

The United States steamer "San Francisco" will probably sail from Mare Island for Chile tomorrow. Admiral Brown, the commander of the Pacific Station, is on board.

Admiral Walker informed the Navy Department that the Spanish squadron will sail for the West. The vessels of the squadron with the exception of the *Bellona*, which is on her way to Norfolk, will gradually sail North along the coast, reaching New York about May 2d.

The United States steamer "San Francisco" will probably sail from Mare Island for Chile tomorrow. Admiral Brown, the commander of the Pacific Station, is on board.

Admiral Walker informed the Navy Department that the Spanish squadron will sail for the West. The vessels of the squadron with the exception of the *Bellona*, which is on her way to Norfolk, will gradually sail North along the coast, reaching New York about May 2d.

The United States steamer "San Francisco" will probably sail from Mare Island for Chile tomorrow. Admiral Brown, the commander of the Pacific Station, is on board.

Admiral Walker informed the Navy Department that the Spanish squadron will sail for the West. The vessels of the squadron with the exception of the *Bellona*, which is on her way to Norfolk, will gradually sail North along the coast, reaching New York about May 2d.

The United States steamer "San Francisco" will probably sail from Mare Island for Chile tomorrow. Admiral Brown, the commander of the Pacific Station, is on board.